

Diagnosing team culture

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Agenda

- 1. Team culture intro
- 2. Selecting a culture
- 3. Diagnosing your culture
- 4. Changing your culture
- 5. Your stories



A set of values, beliefs, understandings, and ways of thinking that is shared within a team



Because culture is shared, everyone on a team takes part in the creation of the culture.



As a leader, you need to steer your culture.

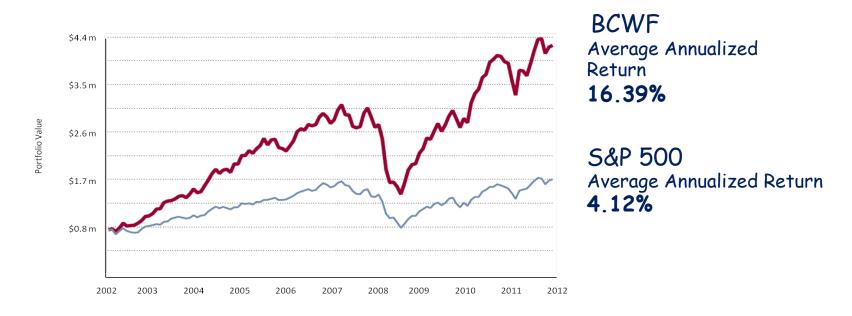


Why is it important to monitor and cultivate?

- Culture reinforces what is most important to the team
- Cultural norms can help manage a team and reduce the need to create strict rules
- A constructive culture increases engagement, productivity, and profit



The Top 40 Best Companies To Work For (USA)



The Best Companies to Work For engender high levels of employee engagement and commitment, because these organisations focus on meeting employee's <u>basic needs</u> and satisfying their <u>growth needs</u>: they focus on helping their employees feel happy and fulfilled.



Percentage of top 200 executives rated the following factors as absolutely essential to success:

Factor	Percentage
Culture and values	58%
Freedom and autonomy	56%
Exciting challenges	51%
Well managed	50%

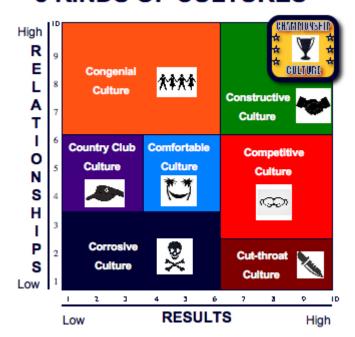
Source: The War for Talent, McKinsey and Company



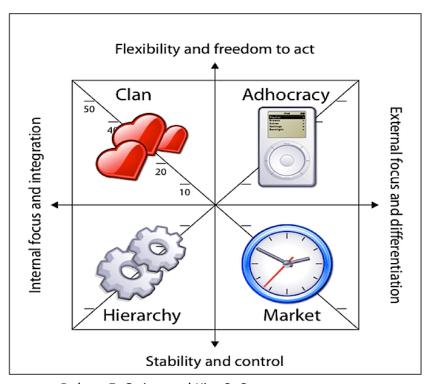
Selecting a culture

There are an infinite number of cultures, and almost as many research articles that categorize them

8 KINDS OF CULTURES™



Jeff Janssen, Janssen Sports Leadership Center

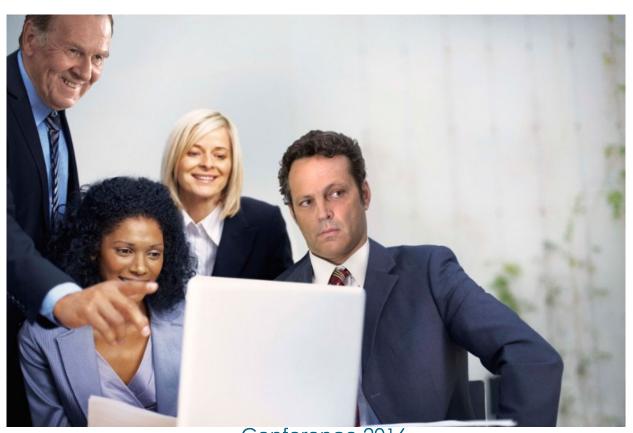


Robert E. Quinn and Kim S. Cameron

Conference 2016

Selecting a culture

I cannot tell you what the perfect culture is for your team.



Conference 2016

Selecting a culture

In University Systems we try to live the values:

- Teamwork
- Accountability
- Customer satisfaction
- Balance of home and work life
- Communication and Information sharing
- Continuous learning and improvement

For my team I also include:

- Question everything (improve everything)
- Deliver; and have fun doing it
- Inclusive, everyone has to have the option of taking part



Values, beliefs, and understandings are difficult to quantify.

There are a number of processes and frameworks to measure them.

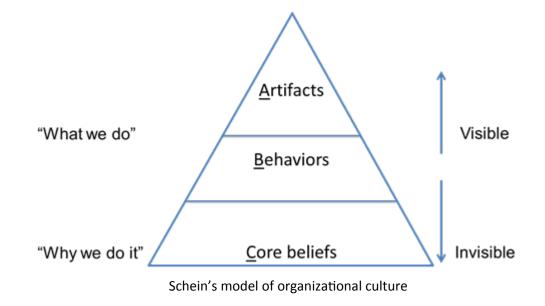
As a leader, a practical method to diagnose your culture is regular observation.





There are five easily observed artifacts of your team's culture:

- 1. Rituals and Ceremonies
- 2. Stories and Myths
- 3. Heroes
- 4. Symbols
- 5. Language





Rituals and Ceremonies

 Socialize, stabilize, reassure, convey messages, and add structure to the work day

- o Why are people celebrating?
- o What is celebrated in the workplace?
- Who is celebrated and who is invited?
- When are celebrations conducted? Frequently? At night?



Stories and Myths

Offer entertainment, moral instruction, externalize inner conflict, transmits values

- Who are the stories about?
- What characteristics are being talked about in the story?
- What context is the story being told in?



Heroes

 An embodiment of the values whose words and deeds reinforce the core values.

- o Who are stories about?
- o Who is living the values?
- What characteristics and values do the heroes exhibit?
- How are the heroes rewarded?



Symbols

 Capture themes that language cannot, compress complicated issues, metaphors for values

- What objects are in the workspace?
- What have people hung on their doors?
- How have people adorned their offices?





Language

 Sets tone, conveys comfort, often describes the culture through metaphor

- o What terms do people use?
- What teams do people associate with?
- o What is the tone of conversation?
- o How do conversations happen?



By observing the

- Rites and Ceremonies
- Stories and Myths
- Heroes
- Symbols
- Language

We can keep track of the traits that our culture is demonstrating.





A cultural leader looks for opportunities to

- A leader must exhibit the desired values
- Redirect artifacts that do not align with the desired values
- Create opportunities to develop artifacts that are inline with the desired values



In a strong culture the **team members** will take ownership of constructive ceremonies, symbols, stories, heroes, and slogans.

Help them reinforce your culture:

- Spend time, and money
- Reward people for their time
- Participate, and encourage leadership to participate



Sub-cultures and parent cultures

- There is more than one culture in play in all organization
- What culture are your employees relate to?
- What culture do you want your employees to relate to?





Hopefully you have a few extra tools to help

- Diagnose your culture
- Make iterative change to your culture



Conversation

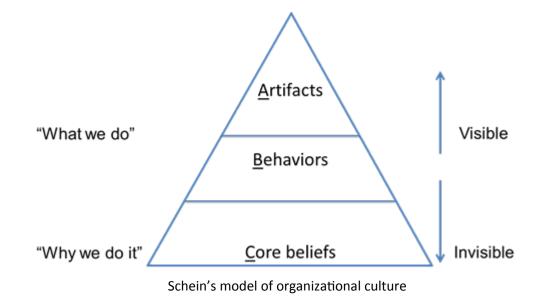
Tell us a story:

- What artifacts have you observed?
- What values do they show?



There are five easily observed artifacts of your team's culture:

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Thank you

Questions?



Knowledge workers

In the industrial age most of the work force were either Skill or Task workers.



Knowledge workers

In the information age there has been a large shift toward knowledge workers

Knowledge work can be differentiated from other forms of work by its emphasis on "non-routine" problem solving



Knowledge workers

Why is this important?

- Many of our historic management strategies started in the military, or in manufacturing
- Motivating, incentivising, and building a work place is different for knowledge workers than it is for other types of workers









