BCNET Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2022

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Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The financial statements and the information contained in the annual report are the responsibility of the management of BCNET. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia.

The financial statements include, where appropriate, estimates based on the best judgment of management. Financial and operating data elsewhere in the annual report is consistent with that contained in the accompanying financial statements.

As part of its responsibilities, BCNET maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality, consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate, and that BCNET's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The Board of BCNET carries out its responsibilities with regard to the financial statements mainly through its Finance and Audit Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee reviews the annual financial statements and other information contained in the annual report and recommends them to the Board for approval. The Committee meets periodically with management and external auditors. Following these meetings, the Committee meets privately with the auditors to ensure free and open discussion of any subject the Committee or the auditors wish to pursue. The Committee also recommends the engagement or re-appointment of the external auditors, reviews the audit approach and approves the fees of the external auditors for audit and non-audit services.

The financial statements, audited by BDO Canada LLP, have been approved by the Board, on the recommendation of the Finance and Audit Committee.

Strill	Board Chair
Tey Tas	Chief Financial Officer

Signed by:



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of BCNET

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BCNET (the "Corporation") which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, net debt, changes in reserves and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Corporation as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022 are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting requirements of Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia (the "Act").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of BCNET in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared in order for BCNET to meet the reporting requirements of the Act referred to above. Note 1(b) to the Financial Statements discloses the impact of these differences between such basis of accounting and Canadian public sector accounting standards. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing BCNET's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate BCNET, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. But not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of BCNET's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on BCNET's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause BCNET to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities
 or business activities within BCNET to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely
 responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia June 30, 2022

BCNET Statement of Financial Position

		As at March 31 2022	As at March 31 2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 5,573,269	\$ 4,368,774
Accounts receivable		260,857	338,072
		5,834,126	4,706,846
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,316,389	792,805
Deferred capital contributions	(Note 3)	5,498,561	2,747,262
Deferred operating grants	(Note 4)	1,908,497	3,448,073
Deferred revenues	(Note 5)	907,963	1,235,728
		10,631,410	8,223,868
NET DEBT		(4,797,284)	(3,517,022)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Prepaid expenses		509,086	815,652
Tangible capital assets	(Note 2)	8,646,386	7,025,170
		9,155,472	7,840,822
Accumulated surplus		\$ 4,358,188	\$ 4,323,800

Approved by:

CEO & President

Acting Finance & Audit Committee Chair

BCNET Statement of Operations For the year ended March 31

		Budget (Note 7)		2022	2021
Revenues					
Operating revenue		11,327,800		11,558,440	11,899,802
Operating grants	(Note 4)	2,068,202		2,433,238	1,975,908
Capital grants	(Note 3)	431,700		444,950	452,713
Pass through services		 8,036,078		8,504,722	 7,811,890
		\$ 21,863,780	\$	22,941,350	\$ 22,140,313
Expenses	(Note 8)				
Cybersecurity & Identity Management		1,505,340		1,711,047	703,342
Enterprise Resource Plan	ning Services	6,870,500		6,538,715	6,869,021
General & Administration	า	2,020,156		2,553,413	2,293,257
Network Services		6,376,663		6,312,867	6,332,987
Professional Development & Training		224,615		207,653	204,571
Procurement		693,749		513,329	626,009
Shared Services & Techn	ology	4,159,026	5,069,938		4,922,690
		\$ 21,850,049	\$	22,906,962	\$ 21,951,877
Annual Surplus		\$ 13,731	\$	34,388	\$ 188,436

BCNET Statement of Net Debt For the year ended March 31

	Budget	2022	2021
Annual Surplus	\$ 13,731	\$ 34,388	\$ 188,436
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,739,000)	(3,242,436)	(1,085,505)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	1,650,553 	1,621,220 	1,401,552 50,558
	(88,447)	(1,621,216)	366,605
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	-	(1,615,272)	(2,181,116)
Use of prepaid expenses	_	<u>1,921,838</u> <u>306,566</u>	<u>2,022,999</u> (158,117)
	·		
Changes in net debt for the year	(74,716)	(1,280,262)	396,924
Net debt, beginning of year	(3,517,022)	(3,517,022)	(3,913,946)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (3,591,738)	\$ (4,797,284)	\$ (3,517,022)

BCNET
Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus
For the year ended March 31

	Capital Reserve (Note 6)	Operating Reserve (Note 6)	Unrestricted	Total	
Balance, April 1, 2021	\$ 2,323,800	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 4,323,800	
Annual Surplus Transfer to Capital Reserve	- 34,388	-	34,388 (34,388)	34,388 -	
Balance March 31, 2022	\$ 2,358,188	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 4,358,188	

BCNET Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended March 31

		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Annual Surplus	\$	34,388	\$ 188,436
Items not involving cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,621,220	1,401,552
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		(444,950)	(452,713)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	50,558
Change in non-cash operating working capital:			
Accounts receivable		77,215	(74,435)
Prepaid expense		306,566	(158,117)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,523,584	(519,743)
Deferred operating grants	(1	1,539,576)	2,010,498
Deferred revenue	_	(327,765)	 (33,566)
		1,250,682	2,412,470
Cash flows for capital activities			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(3	3,242,436)	(1,085,505)
	(3	3,242,436)	(1,085,505)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital contributions received		3,196,249	-
		3,196,249	-
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,204,495	1,326,965
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	4,368,774	 3,041,809
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,573,269	\$ 4,368,774
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:			
Cash in bank		107,363	357,505
Cash equivalents		5,465,906	4,011,269
·		5,573,269	\$ 4,368,774

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Nature and Purpose of the Organization

BCNET's ("the Corporation") mission is to deliver exceptional value to our members by leveraging our advanced network, fostering collaboration, and building on our expertise.

BCNET is incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act.

BCNET is a tax-exempt body under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 23.1 of the Budget Transparency and Accountability Act of the Province of British Columbia supplemented by Regulations 198/2011 issued by the Province of British Columbia Treasury Board.

The Budget Transparency and Accountability Act requires that the financial statements be prepared in accordance with the set of standards and guidelines that are comprised of generally accepted accounting principles for senior governments in Canada, being Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards ("PSAS"), except for modifications put forward by Treasury Board.

Regulation 198/2011 requires that restricted contributions received or receivable for acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset or contributions in the form of a depreciable tangible capital assets are to be deferred and recognized in revenue at the same rate that amortization of the related tangible capital asset is recorded.

The basis of accounting that the Corporation has adopted is different from PSAS with respect to the timing of revenue recognition for government transfers. If the Corporation had recorded government transfers under PSAS rather than the accounting policy described above and in note 1(f), capital contributions recognized as revenue and the annual surplus for the year ended March 31, 2022 would have increased by \$2,751,300 (March 31, 2021- decrease of \$452,713).

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Consequentially, as at March 31, 2022, deferred capital contributions used to purchase tangible capital assets would have decreased and the accumulated surplus would have increased by \$4,098,561 (March 31, 2021 - \$2,747,262). Under PSAS, the total cash flows from operating, financing, and capital transactions for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have been the same as reported in these financial statements.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the amounts held in the Corporation's bank accounts, balances held in the Province's Central Deposit Program (CDP), guaranteed investment certificates with original terms to maturity of less than 90 days, and mutual funds that are readily convertible to cash.

d) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided annually on a straight-line basis. Tangible capital assets not yet in service are not amortized. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fibre 10 - 20 years

Leasehold Improvements Over the term of the lease

Office equipment and computer hardware 3 – 10 years

The Corporation reviews its tangible capital assets for impairment. An impairment loss is recognized for tangible capital assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide services. The impairment loss is calculated based on the estimated remaining future service potential, as the difference between the carrying amount and the residual value. The amount of the write-down is recognized as an impairment loss on the Statement of Operations.

e) Leased Assets

Leases entered into that transfer substantially all the benefits and risks associated with ownership are recorded as the acquisition of a tangible capital asset. The asset is amortized in a manner consistent with tangible capital assets owned by the Corporation. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases, and the lease payments are expensed as incurred.

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

f) Revenue Recognition

Externally restricted contributions are recorded as deferred revenue and then recognized as revenue when the restrictions specified by the contributors are satisfied.

- Contributions for specific purposes other than for the acquisition of tangible capital assets are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.
- Contributions restricted for capital purposes by external restrictions or the Restricted Contribution Regulation 198/2011 described in note 1(b) are recorded as deferred capital contributions and amortized on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. Amortization commences once the asset is put into use.

Revenue from the provision of services is recorded as the services are performed.

"Pass through services" are software services purchased by BCNET on behalf of members, and directly rebilled to the members.

g) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

h) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are limited to fixed income instruments and are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued.

2. Tangible Capital Assets

Cost		2021	Additions	Disposal	2022
Leasehold improvements	\$	736,013	-	-	\$ 736,013
Office equipment		446,270	44,398	(27,955)	462,713
Computer hardware		9,600,858	3,150,038	-	12,750,896
Fibre		13,952,508	48,000	-	14,000,508
Fibre Option		177,370	-	-	177,370
Total	\$	24,913,019	3,242,436	(27,955)	\$ 28,127,500
Accumulated			Amortization		
Amortization		2021	Expense	Disposal	2022
Leasehold improvements	\$	282,075	63,125	-	\$ 345,200
Office equipment		391,511	55,301	(27,955)	418,857
Computer hardware		6,966,581	1,041,109	-	8,007,690
Fibre		10,247,682	461,685	-	10,709,367
Fibre Option		-	-	-	-
Total	\$	17,887,849	1,621,220	(27,955)	\$ 19,481,114
Net Book Value		2021			2022
Leasehold improvements	\$	453,938			\$ 390,813
Office equipment	·	54,759			43,856
Computer hardware		2,634,277			4,743,206
Fibre		3,704,826			3,291,141
Fibre Option		177,370			177,370
Total	\$	7,025,170			\$ 8,646,386

2. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

"Fibre" refers to certain fibre circuits connecting member organizations that have been purchased or acquired through Indefeasible Right of Use (IRU) and capital lease agreements.

The Corporation has entered into fibre agreements for periods of between ten and twenty years for the use of IRU Fibres to service its members. The Corporation is amortizing these costs over the term of the agreements.

In 2014, the Corporation transferred fibre valued at \$2.5 million to a third party in exchange for an IRU to access a portion of the fibre transferred; and a fibre option to access an additional 350 strand kilometres of fibre and the commitment to connect specified members to the additional fibre. The transaction was measured at the fair value of the fibre transferred which approximates the fair value of the assets received. The remaining option cost will be transferred to the fibre account and amortized once the fibre circuits are identified and in use.

3. Deferred Capital Contributions

	2021	Received	Δ	mortized to Revenue	2022
Federal	\$ 1,872,406	96,249	\$	(352,971)	\$ 1,615,684
Provincial	558,111	3,100,000		(58,181)	3,599,930
Other	 316,745	-		(33,798)	282,947
Total	\$ 2,747,262	3,196,249	\$	(444,950)	\$ 5,498,561

The deferred capital contributions are restricted for the development and support of the Optical Regional Advanced Network.

4. Deferred Operating Grants

	2021	Received	Amortized to Revenue	2022
Federal	\$ -	\$ 167,862	\$ (167,862)	\$ -
Provincial	3,448,073	200,800	(1,740,376)	1,908,497
Other	 -	525,000	(525,000)	
Total	\$ 3,448,073	\$ 893,662	\$ (2,433,238)	\$ 1,908,497

The deferred provincial operating grants are restricted for the implementation of Administrative Service Delivery Transformation (ASDT) initiatives and for the expansion of the BCNET network.

BCNET
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2022

5. Deferred Revenues

	2021	Received	1	Amortized to Revenue	2022
Service contracts	\$ 588,176	\$ 8,972,006	\$	(9,144,385)	\$ 415,797
Conferences & member services	579,086	364,175		(498,651)	444,610
Software customization	68,466	229,500		(250,410)	47,556
Total	\$ 1,235,728	\$ 9,565,681	\$	(9,893,446)	\$ 907,963

6. Accumulated Surplus

- a) The BCNET Board has approved the creation of an Operating Reserve and a Capital Reserve. The target minimum Operating Reserve is to equal approximately two months of operating, and \$2,000,000. The balance of any annual surpluses in excess of the \$2,000,000 will be allocated to the Capital Reserve.
- b) The Corporation's Capital Reserve includes amounts invested in tangible capital assets plus any additional funds available for future investments. The Corporation's tangible capital assets are funded either through grants received from CANARIE, the Ministry of Advanced Education, Skills and Training or internally from surpluses generated by the Corporation. The unamortized balance of those assets that are funded internally reflects the funds committed and their future amortization expense. The balance in the capital reserve is increased by the annual surplus and offset by the net unfunded investment in capital assets during the year.

	2022		2021
Tangible capital assets	\$ 8,646,386	\$	7,025,170
Amounts financed by:			
Unamortized deferred capital grants	(4,098,561)		(2,747,262)
Invested in Tangible Capital Assets	\$ 4,547,825	\$	4,277,908
Less: Expected future recoveries from members	(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)
Add: temporary borrowings from operating reserve	(189,637)		45,892
Balance in Capital Reserve	\$ 2,358,188	Ś	2,323,800
-	 , ,	т	,

7. Budget

The budget for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 was approved by the BCNET Board of Directors at a meeting on December 9^{th} , 2020.

8. Expenses by Object

	Budget	2022	2021
Cost of services	\$ 6,590,803	\$ 7,381,687	\$ 7,455,614
Staffing	4,968,855	4,816,238	4,538,526
Operating	760,059	749,469	698,665
Amortization	1,650,553	1,621,221	1,452,110
Pass through services	7,879,779	8,338,347	7,806,962
Total	\$ 21,850,049	\$ 22,906,962	\$ 21,951,877

9. Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Corporation entered into the following transactions with its members:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue from members	\$ 19,380,211	\$ 19,387,826
Purchases from members	1,173,750	1,585,592

As at March 31, the Corporation had balances due to and from members as follows:

	<u> 2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Receivable from members	\$ 123,220	\$ 182,947
Payable to members	497,087	254,896

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange value established and agreed to by the related parties.

BCNET

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2022

10. Commitments

The Corporation has commitments for fibre contracts, software licensing and rent that extend to January 2038.

The annual payments due for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2023	\$ 3,864,145
2024	1,495,890
2025	988,031
2026	619,284
2027	393,628
Thereafter	925,829
Total	\$ 8,286,807

11. Contractual Rights

The Corporation has entered into fibre contracts (Note 10) to connect certain member institutions to the BCNET network. In return, the Corporation has received commitments to receive the following revenues from those institutions:

2023	\$ 2,385,473
2024	843,302
2025	607,113
2026	322,837
2027	212,649
Thereafter	229,805
Total	\$ 4,601,179

12. Pension Plan

The employer and its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a jointly trusteed pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for administering the Plan, including investment of the assets and administration of benefits. The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. As at December 31, 2018, the Plan had about 205,000 active members and approximately 101,000 retired members.

12. Pension Plan (continued)

Every three years, an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the plan and adequacy of plan funding. The actuary determines an appropriate combined employer and member contribution rate to fund the plan. The actuary's calculated contribution rate is based on the entryage normal cost method, which produces the long-term rate of member and employer contributions sufficient to provide benefits for average future entrants to the plan. This rate may be adjusted for the amortization of any actuarial funding surplus and will be adjusted for the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

The most recently available valuation for the Plan as at December 31, 2018, indicated a \$2,866 million funding surplus for basic pension benefits on a going concern basis.

BCNET paid \$315,271 (2021 - \$275,684) for employer contributions while employees contributed \$285,673 (2021 - \$245,816) to the plan in fiscal 2022.

The latest valuation was as at December 31, 2021, with results available in late 2022.

Employers participating in the plan record their pension expense as the amount of employer contributions made during the fiscal year (defined contribution pension plan accounting). This is because the plan records accrued liabilities and accrued assets for the plan in aggregate, resulting in no consistent and reliable basis for allocating the obligation, assets and cost to individual employers participating in the plan.

13. Financial Instrument Risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Corporation will incur a loss due to the failure by its debtors to meet their contractual obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Corporation limits its exposure to credit risk by placing its cash and cash equivalents with high quality investments. The Corporation's exposure to credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable is low as most receivables are from government sources and member organizations that are primarily government funded.

13. Financial Instrument Risk (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Corporation is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its transactions with U.S. entities. The Corporation limits its exposure to foreign exchange risk by entering into forward derivative contracts on all significant purchases made in U.S. dollars and arranging to rebill most costs to members at equivalent exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation's risk is limited to the investments held in accordance with its investment Policy.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Corporation budgets for adequate levels of working capital to ensure all its obligations can be met when they fall due, and a sufficient operating reserve to manage any unexpected fluctuations.

14. Segmented Information

BCNET provides a variety of services to its members. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed on the Statement of Operations. The segments and services provided are as follows:

Cybersecurity & Identity Management

We support our members to continuously improve the protection of information. Services include but are not limited to support service for federated identity services and security vulnerability scanning.

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Services

The ERP Office provides strategic consulting, expert services, and vendor management services in support of institutional ERP systems.

14. Segmented Information (continued)

Network

The BCNET Advanced Network provides BCNET members with private, dedicated, ultra-high-speed, fibre optic infrastructure and third party managed leased circuit at speeds of up to 100 gigabits per second. The Advanced Network extends over 10,000 Kilometers and directly connects 179 colleges, institutes, research universities, federal and provincial laboratory and research institution sites in British Columbia. Our Transit Exchange service offers network peering to help reduce network costs and improve internet performance. A cloud-based virtual router service helps reduce equipment, operating, and facility costs.

Professional Development & Training

Our professional development and training service portfolio helps to support our members to train their staff. We investigate member requirements and negotiate competitive pricing with third party organizations. BCNET partners with prominent information Technology companies and Training Providers in the delivery of training.

Procurement

BCNET provides a range of joint procurement agreements and services that offer best overall value, savings and efficiencies to its members following legislative and trade treaty requirements.

Shared Services & Technology

BCNET facilitates the development of collaborative and innovative technology solutions to support the delivery of education and research. The solutions we offer to our members include: Data-Safe, Digital Signage, EduCloud Backup, EduCloud Server, Kaltura, Moodle, IBM SPSS, PebblePad, TeamDynamix and Video Conferencing.

BCNET FY2022 Audited Financial Statements

Final Audit Report 2022-07-06

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By: April Allard (april.allard@bc.net)

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