



# BCNET<sup>→</sup>2019

## Monitoring and Alerting on Blackhole Routes

(with NETCONF and Perl)

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# Remotely Triggered Blackhole Routing

- BCNET working on deploying RTBH Routing
- Downstream advertises prefix to BCNET with community 271:666 (including from our own private AS's)
- Monitor and Alerting?
  - Don't forget about our own blackhole routes
  - Visibility

# How? A couple different options

- Have a server setup a BGP peer with each core router (e.g. ExaBGP)
  - Pro: Instant knowledge of when a route is blackholed
  - Con: Additional setup required
- Periodically poll all routers for blackhole routes
  - Pro: Simple setup and integration with existing software tool
  - Con: Slower updates (5 minute polling)

# Periodic Polling Plugin in CMDB

- Existing CMDB software has ability to add custom plugins (shameless plug: <https://github.com/netharbour/netharbour>)
- Leverages existing database
  - Existing inventory of routers
  - Ability to add DB tables for custom plugin easily
- CMDB scheduled to run plugin script every 5 minutes

# Polling Script

- Perl. Why not Python, or any other language??
  - All CMDB plugins are in Perl. Keep the codebase consistent.
  - Simplifies system dependencies
- SNMP vs NETCONF
  - All CMDB polling uses SNMP. So keep using SNMP?
  - Only way to get blackhole routes was to walk the routing table...

# 5 minutes of walking the routing table...

```
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.38.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.49.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.110.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.111.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.160.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.161.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.162.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.163.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.8.165.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.9.6.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.9.62.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.25.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.29.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.59.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.64.0".19.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.96.0".20.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.139.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.140.0".22.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.145.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.10.197.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.0.0".21.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.4.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.14.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.15.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.16.0".20.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.18.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.115.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.116.0".22.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.141.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.152.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.160.0".19.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.168.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.196.0".22.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.11.210.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.12.64.0".19.2.0.0.ipv4."64.251.87.209" = INTEGER: remote(4)
IP-FORWARD-MIB::inetCidrRouteType.ipv4."208.12.120.0".24.2.0.0.ipv4."207.23.253.116" = INTEGER: remote(4)
^C
ctomkow@dev> |
```

# A Better Way - NETCONF

- Remote procedure call (RPC) over SSH as XML
- Enable NETCONF on Junos  
`set system services netconf ssh port 22`
- Use Juniper maintained NETCONF library (in CPAN!)  
`Net::Netconf`

# More NETCONF

- Convert Junos CLI command into RPC XML

```
show route logical-system bcnet detail community 271:666 | display xml rpc
```

```
<rpc-reply xmlns:junos="http://xml.juniper.net/junos/16.1R7/junos">
  <rpc>
    <get-route-information>
      <logical-system>bcnet</logical-system>
      <detail/>
      <community>271:666</community>
    </get-route-information>
  </rpc>
  <cli>
    <banner></banner>
  </cli>
</rpc-reply>
```



# Send XML, or use NETCONF library

```
1  #!/usr/bin/env perl
2
3  use strict;
4  use warnings;
5
6  use Net::Netconf::Manager;
7
8  my %device_info = (
9      'access'    => 'ssh',
10     'login'     => 'username',
11     'password'  => 'password',
12     'hostname'  => 'test.router',
13     'port'      => '22',
14     'server'    => 'netconf',
15 );
16
17 my $junos = new Net::Netconf::Manager(%device_info);
18
19 my %parameters = (
20     'logical-system' => 'bcnet',
21     'community'     => '271:666',
22     'detail'        => 'True',
23 );
24
25 my $response = $junos->get_route_information(%parameters);
26
27 print($junos->{'server_response'});
28 $junos->disconnect();
```

# CMDB Plugin GUI

NETHARBOUR  
Your Logo Here

Welcome **Administrator** [logout](#) [FAQs](#) [Help](#) [Configurations](#)

[Home](#) [Services](#) [Devices](#) [Locations](#) [Contacts](#) [Statistics](#) [Events](#) [Plugins](#)  [Search](#)

## STATISTICS

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### Blackholed Routes

Route	Protocol	Peer AS	Peer ID	Route Age	Time Since Seen	Origin Device	Logical System
142.231.1.197/32	BGP	65526	207.23.240.212	4m, 5s	18s	cr1.mgmt.vncv1.bc.net	TX

[| Questions or remarks: Network database |](#)

# What about Alerting?

- Email notification of blackhole routes
  - Notify routes that match peer AS(s)
  - Notify after  $X$  seconds (e.g. 24 hours or 86400 seconds)
  - Repeat notification every  $X$  seconds
- Alerting options configurable in the plugin's .conf file
- Currently only notifies our internal network team email

# Email Alert

- Simple HTML table

## Blackholed Routes



test <mah@test.net>

Wed 4/3, 10:40 AM

Craig Tomkow ✕

Route	Device	Logical System	Peer AS	Peer ID	Time Installed
198.18.255.5/32	tr1.mgmt.vncv1.bc.net	member	64497	198.18.0.1	17h 38m 22s
198.18.255.5/32	tr1.mgmt.vncv1.bc.net	upstream	64497	198.18.0.1	17h 38m 22s
198.18.255.5/32	tr1.mgmt.vncv1.bc.net	bcnet	65551	198.18.255.5	17h 38m 22s

# Thank You!

Email: [craig.tomkow@bc.net](mailto:craig.tomkow@bc.net)

Github: <https://github.com/ctomkow>

Netharbour: <https://github.com/netharbour/netharbour>